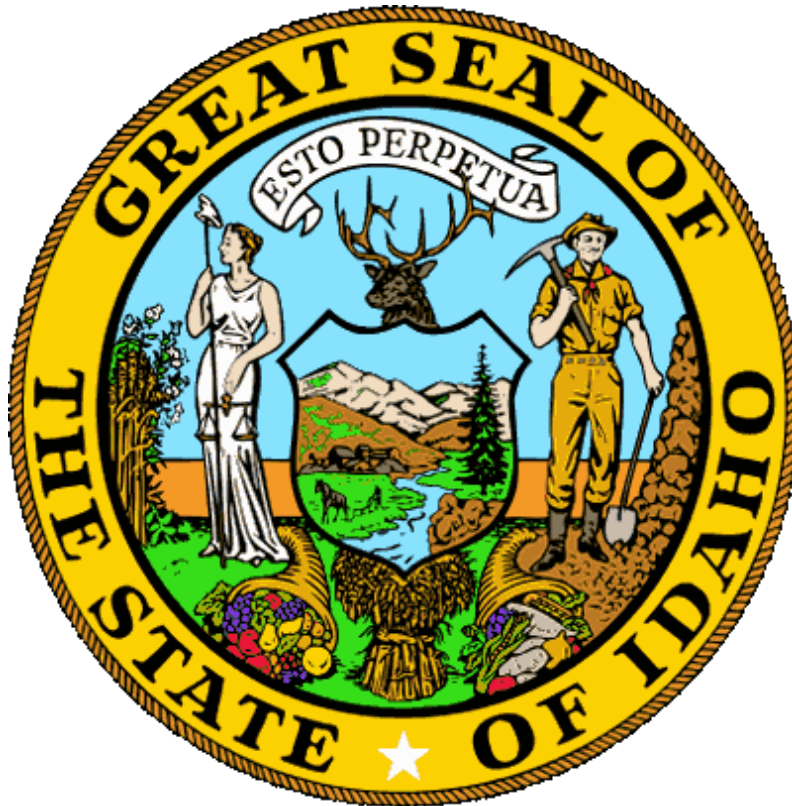


IDAHO STATE LEGISLATIVE REPORT



IDAHO SEXUAL ASSAULT EVIDENCE COLLECTION KIT ANNUAL REPORT

2024

Contents

Introduction..... 3

Executive Summary 3

Idaho Sexual Assault Kit Tracking System (IKTS)..... 3

Training and Sharing IKTS..... 4

Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kits Purchased & Distributed..... 4

Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations 4

Law Enforcement (LE) Information..... 5

ISPFS Laboratory Analysis 6

The Idaho State Sexual Assault Response Team (ISSART) 8

Challenges to Kit Tracking 9

IKTS Software Development and Use Statistics 9

Idaho SANE/SART Coordinator Positions 10

SANE Supplies and Resources..... 13

Commendations..... 14

Appendix A 16

Appendix B 17

Appendix C..... 19

Appendix D..... 21

Appendix G..... 25

Introduction

Idaho Code Chapter 29, Title 67, Section 67-2919 requires Idaho State Police Forensic Services (ISPFS) provide a legislative report regarding sexual assault evidence collection kits in Idaho on or before January 20th of each year regarding the examination of sexual assault evidence collection kits throughout the state in the previous year. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the number of kits purchased and distributed by Idaho State Police Forensic Services, the number of kits collected by each law enforcement agency, the number of kits tested by the Idaho State Police Forensic Services laboratory, the number of kits not submitted to the Idaho State Police Forensic Services laboratory pursuant to subsection (8) of the statute, the number of DNA database hits from sexual assault evidence kits, the number of unresolved DNA database hits from sexual assault evidence kits for each law enforcement agency, the number of sexual assault evidence kits submitted without required reference samples for each law enforcement agency, and a list of any law enforcement agencies that did not adhere to the tracking process promulgated pursuant to subsection (9) of the statute. This report also contains updates made to the Idaho Sexual Assault Kit Tracking System (IKTS), statistics from the ISPFS crime lab, information about the Idaho SANE/SART training program, and issues related to sexual assault evidence collection kit tracking and processing during the 2024 calendar year.

Executive Summary

This report includes the following data outlined in various charts, appendixes, and graphs.

- Sexual assault evidence collection kits purchased by ISPFS: 640
- Sexual assault evidence collection kits distributed by ISPFS: 579
- The number of sexual assault evidence collection kits collected: 457
- The number of sexual assault evidence collection kits tested by the ISPFS laboratory: 427
- Sexual assault evidence collection kits not submitted to the Idaho State Police Forensic Services laboratory pursuant to subsection (8): 78
- The number of DNA database hits from sexual assault evidence collection kits: 40
- The number of unresolved DNA database hits from sexual assault evidence collection kits: 32
- Sexual assault evidence collection kits completed without required reference samples: 178

Idaho Sexual Assault Kit Tracking System (IKTS)

In January of 2017, Idaho became the first state to fully implement a statewide sexual assault evidence collection kit tracking system. This tracking system provides greater public accountability and transparency, provides more resources to the state forensic laboratory, and ultimately provides more transparency to victims of sexual assault. Sexual assault survivors and the public can track the sexual assault evidence collection kit without having to have a login. Survivors are provided a tracking number for their kit at the time of collection. Use of this

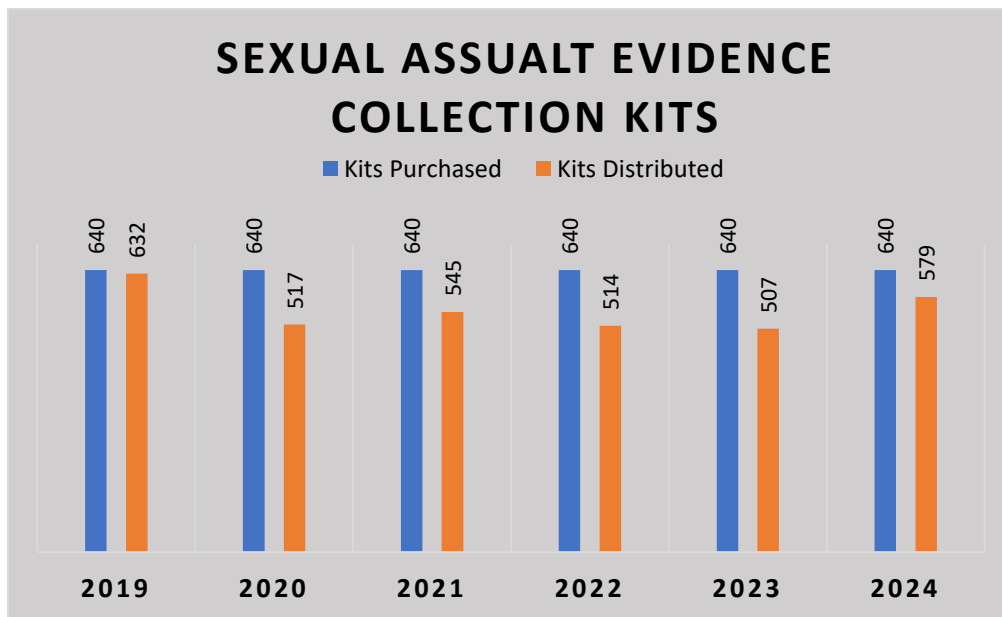
system has resulted in several survivors asking additional questions of law enforcement, the forensic lab, and Idaho legislators.

Training and Sharing IKTS

The ISPFIS IKTS Administrator provided training and met with several medical and law enforcement organizations throughout the past year. The IKTS software is provided free of charge to any publicly funded entity that would like to adopt the program. ISPFIS provides the digital download of the software program. Some organizations modify it slightly for their specific needs, while others use it to develop their own custom kit tracking system. In 2024, several states made inquiry about the system. See **Appendix A** for a list of organizations and their status with the Idaho software.

Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kits Purchased & Distributed

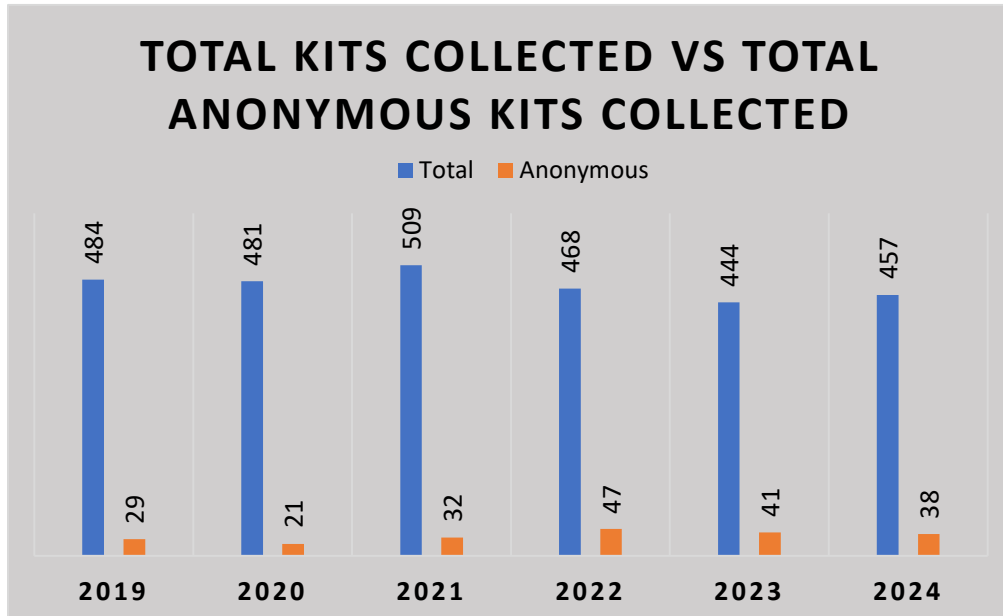
Idaho State Police Forensic Services procures the sexual assault evidence collection kits with a legislative appropriation within state purchasing rules and agreements. The new kits are entered into the IKTS system by ISPFIS using a unique serial number on the box. The kits are then distributed to hospitals, clinics, and other collection entities in Idaho. A comparison of past years inventory is displayed below:



Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations

Hospitals and clinics in Idaho, and surrounding states, perform sexual assault medical forensic examinations. When custody of a kit collected in another state is turned over to an Idaho law

enforcement agency, it is assigned an Idaho serial number and tracked from that point forward in the IKTS system. 457 kits were collected in Idaho in 2024, and 38 of those were anonymous.



Law Enforcement (LE) Information

All sexual assault evidence kits collected in Idaho, where the allegation has not been determined to be unfounded, shall be processed by the Idaho State Police Forensic Services laboratory. Exclusions include kits of victims/survivors who wish to remain anonymous under the provisions of the federal Violence Against Women Act (VAWA).

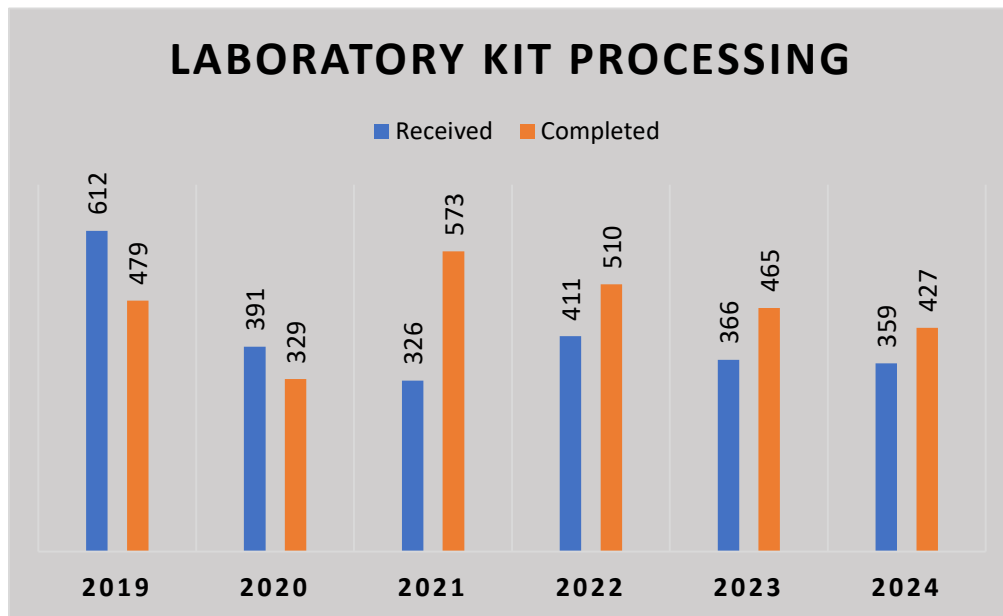
Law Enforcement agencies are required to obtain the sexual assault evidence collection kit from the collection facility, and either submit the kit to ISPFS for analysis or document the decision not to test in the IKTS system. A list of participating LE agencies is outlined in **Appendix B**.

Any sexual assault evidence collection kit, excluding anonymous kits, that are not submitted to the lab for testing must be independently reviewed by the county prosecutor. **Appendix C** outlines the sexual assault kit decisions by agency. Kits that were collected anonymously but were not tested under the federal Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), are presented in **Appendix D**.

Often sexual assault evidence collection kits need reference samples from either suspects or consensual partners. It is a constant challenge for law enforcement to collect these sample after the initial crime report. **Appendix E** outlines the number of sexual assault evidence collection kits completed by ISPFS during 2024 that lacked required reference sample submission.

ISPFS Laboratory Analysis

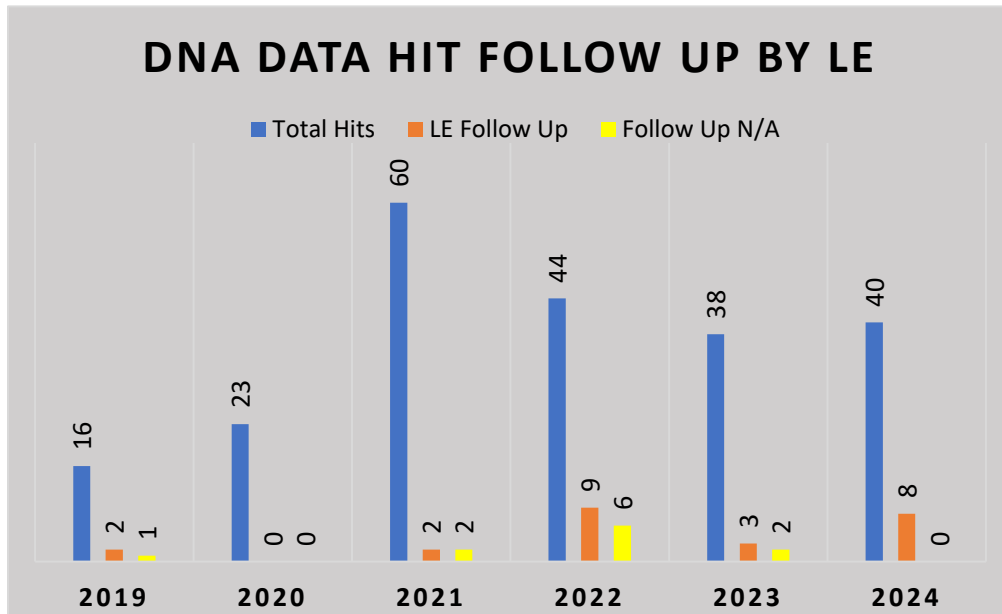
Throughout 2024, ISPFS continued to struggle to fill open DNA positions due to lack of qualified candidates and low pay. New hires are typically new to the field and require two (2) years to fully complete training. We currently have two fully trained federal grant funded contractors working remotely contributing to the success of the DNA program. At this time, we have four grant funded limited-service positions. Two of these positions have been filled and the analysts are working to complete training. Two of these positions remain vacant. ISPFS will continue to attempt to fill these vacancies in 2025.



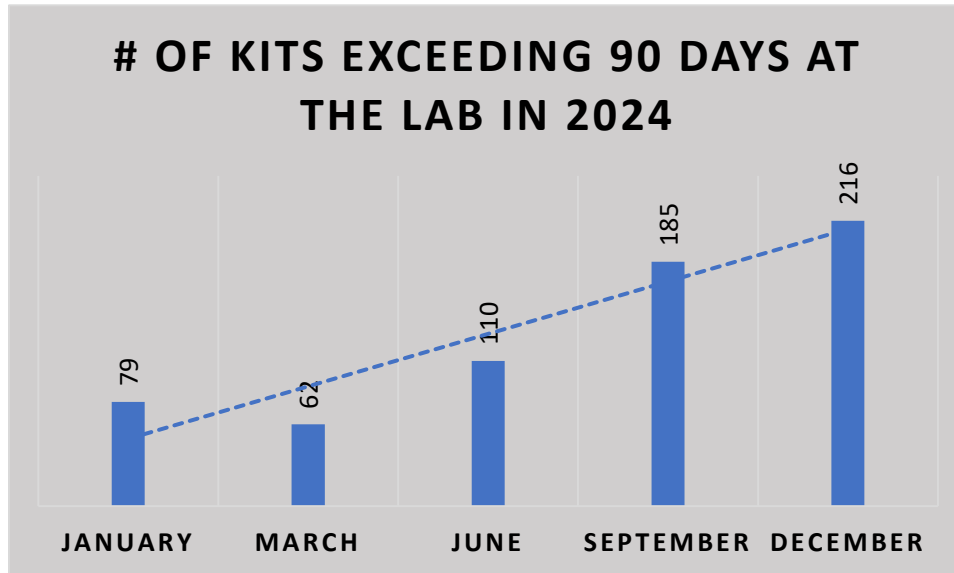
***There were 212 partially tested sexual assault kits submitted to the lab in 2024, that are not reflected in the received number above.**

All profiles developed from evidence items in submitted sexual assault evidence collection kits that are eligible for COmbined DNA Index System (CODIS) entry, per Idaho state statute and National DNA Index System (NDIS) policies, are entered into CODIS. These profiles are compared to profiles from other evidence samples, convicted offender profiles and arrestee profiles (entered by states that allow arrestee sample collection) nationwide. In the event a profile developed from an item in a sexual assault evidence collection kit hits against another evidence sample, a report is issued to the agency, and they are notified of the other agency's contact information. Convicted offender samples and arrestee samples do not have a chain of custody and are not considered evidentiary. In the event a profile developed from a kit item hits against a convicted offender or an arrestee, a report is issued to the agency notifying them of the hit and the individual's name along with a request to collect a new sample to verify the hit. A phone call or email is also placed/sent to the agency with any additional information available on the individual offender or arrestee. Follow-up on one of these hits would be a phone call or email stating why a second sample will not be collected (prosecution declined, case adjudicated, etc.) or submission of the second sample. **Appendix F** reflects the number of DNA database

hits from sexual assault evidence collection kits and the number of those hits that are unresolved by law enforcement agency.



Idaho Code Chapter 29, Title 67, Section 67-2919, states that kits have 90 days from the time they are received by the lab to be analyzed; going over this 90-day limit does not affect the ability to prosecute or defeat the jurisdiction of the court, but it does result in prolonging that process. ISPFS does not currently have the resources to analyze all kits that are received each month in the 90-day timeframe. ISPFS provides a report to the legislature every month of any kit above the 90-day timeline. The below graph shows the number of kits that were at the lab in excess of the 90-day limit. ISPFS prioritizes the kits that are received. If an agency indicates in the submission the kit is low priority (prosecution declined, victim no longer wishes to proceed, etc.) the kit is not worked as quickly as those that are submitted as part of an active investigation needing a quicker turnaround time. Another important note is that ISPFS completed testing of all previously unsubmitted kits in December 2021. ISPFS has been working with law enforcement agencies to bring in any kits that were historically previously submitted to the lab but were not completely processed for some reason (the agency requested the kit back without analysis or part way through analysis). These kits are being resubmitted to complete the full testing of every kit currently existing in Idaho. These kits are being prioritized lower in the testing queue and raising the perceived turnaround time on kits from current cases that are being prioritized to the front of the queue. The majority of the kits in the lab over 90 days are these resubmitted previously tested kits. The number of kits in the lab over 90 days should start to decrease in 2025 as this project progresses toward completion.



*LE agencies began sending their partially tested kits in the summer of 2024 as part of the SAKI Partially tested kit project.

The Idaho State Sexual Assault Response Team (ISSART)

The Idaho State Sexual Assault Response Team (ISSART) working group was founded by ISPFS in 2014 as the Idaho Sexual Assault Kit Initiative Team (ISAKI). This volunteer multidisciplinary policy advisory group consists of state and local law enforcement, specialty organizations representing varying agencies, the forensic laboratory personnel, prosecutors, a public defender, a judge, a court representative, several victim advocacy and resource groups, victim compensation fund administrators, sexual assault nurse examiners (SANEs), a physician, hospital administrators, grant experts, and a state Senator.

This group meets every quarter to discuss issues that occurred throughout the state of Idaho. Issues are assessed regarding the level of service and care to victims, increase sexual assault training for law enforcement, mandatory reporting guidelines, and how to properly address anonymous sexual assault evidence collection kits.

For this past calendar year, the ISSART working group completed or updated the following items:

- In March of 2024, the group voted to change its name from Idaho Sexual Assault Kit Initiative (ISAKI) to Idaho State Sexual Assault Response Team (ISSART). This was due to the group's work extending beyond just sexual assault kit collection.
- Prior to the sexual assault legislation going into effect, sexual assault evidence collection kits that were sent to the ISPFS lab may have been returned without completed analysis per the direction of the submitting agency. Additionally, the laboratory may have only performed biology screening and not completed DNA

analysis on a kit for a variety of reasons. All of these are considered partially tested kits. The newly formed Sexual Assault Kit Initiative (SAKI) cold case team, with the assistance of the ISPFS DNA unit, worked to compile a list of all partially tested sexual assault evidence collection kits statewide. The team then began the process of helping agencies resubmit all still existing partially tested kits for full analysis at ISPFS. Most of the identified partially tested kits were sent to the lab in 2024 for complete testing. This project will continue into 2025.

- SART/SANEs continued to work on creating a Strangulation manual. This will be a standalone manual on strangulation, and our SANE/SART Coordinators are working directly with experts from the Institute of Strangulation to develop this manual. When completed, this manual will provide much needed information on how to identify strangulation victims, and information on how to best help them.
- Several research projects in conjunction with the Projects, Grants, and Research department at the Idaho State Police, and Boise State University were undertaken. Many of these projects were shared at ISSART meetings throughout the year. Presentation topics included: a study examining service provision for people with disabilities, a study on the SAKI legislation effects in Idaho, the needs of rural sexual assault survivors in Idaho, sexual violence prevalence and health impacts, and research presentations on crime data in Idaho.

Challenges to Kit Tracking

Throughout the year, there have been some challenges related to the IKTS program, with some previous challenges being overcome. Some of the challenges to the IKTS tracking program are outlined below:

- There has been high turnover for medical and law enforcement personnel throughout the state. The challenge of ensuring IKTS users are correct and trained for organization(s) is constant.
- Some organizations are not completing the information for collected sexual assault evidence collection kits or updating their status in IKTS. This is a daily endeavor reaching out to organizations for the required information.

The IKTS Administrator and other ISPFS staff offer training in person or online for any organization that would like to have additional information. Unfortunately, most organizations have not accepted the invitation for this training.

IKTS Software Development and Use Statistics

IKTS is continually enhanced by Idaho State Police web programmers. Having IT programmers at ISP allows the IKTS administrator to make real time changes to the system as the process has been refined. See **Appendix G** for the annual IKTS use statistics for 2024.

Idaho SANE/SART Coordinator Positions

Since October 2024, Idaho State Police Forensic Services has been actively working to fill the second SANE/SART Coordinator position. This has proven to be difficult due to a lack in qualified candidates and compensation for the position. The Idaho SANE/SART Coordinator (SSC) continues to oversee and administer a training program to increase the number of SANE trained nurses, develop a sustainable training program for entry-level and continuing SANE training, maintain the statewide sexual assault response guidelines, coordinate the efforts of the ISSART group’s ongoing initiatives, ensure implementation and continual review of state sexual assault evidence collection policy and procedures, and help coordinate resources and other operational issues in all Idaho sexual assault evidence collection facilities. The Idaho SSC also works directly with ISPFS DNA scientists to make updates to the Idaho Sexual Assault Evidence Collection kits to facilitate improved collections.

Competence and Practice

Throughout 2024, the first SSC herself completed 128.75 hours of SANE-related education, including 25 hours of the Advanced Strangulation Course. She also renewed her SANE-A certification. Additionally, she completed 186 hours of call, from January to July at the Domestic Violence & Sexual Assault Center. In July, she resigned from her on-call position with DVSAC to assist in the development of a new program in Hailey. Her on-call hours will now be taken in Blaine County.

Our second SSC was oriented and trained during the first part of 2024. She also became SANE-A certified in May of 2024. She resigned from her position in September 2024, and ISPFS continues to work to fill that now open position.

Improving Access to Standardized Care after Sexual Assault

Ten (10) 40-hour SANE courses were held in 2024, with a total of 61 nurses trained. This brings the program total to 261 nurses trained in the history of this program. This also means that the Idaho SANE training project has completed their goal of training 250 SANE nurses in Idaho. All nurses that are trained are encouraged to sit for the SANE-A international certification. The International Association for Forensic Nurses (IAFN) updated their requirements to sit for the certification exam in 2024, which has made it more difficult for nurses to meet the minimum requirements to take the exam. Idaho does compare well to other pacific northwest states in total number of SANE-certified examiners.

State	SANE-A	SANE-P
Idaho	21	4
Montana	9	5
Nevada	7	3

Oregon	21	5
Utah	22	8
Washington	35	11

With grant funding, ISP was able to procure and disseminate additional equipment for SANE programs in Hailey and Post Falls including, evidence bags, forensic ABFO rulers, and t-blue dye.

In 2024, SSCs offered several trainings and presentations held throughout Idaho, including: *Forensic Science and Nursing: Creating a Collaborative Statewide Sexual Assault Response Culture in a Rural State*, *Medical Forensic Examinations for ED Staff: When a SANE is Not Available*, *SANE-A Refresher Course*, *Awareness to Action: Transforming Response Services in Idaho*, *Trauma-Informed Sexual Assault Process: SANE* (with Angela Weekes), *Forensic Nursing: A Collaboration*, *Forensic Healthcare*, *Idaho SANE Nursing Update* (Idaho State Police Forensics Forum), and several other *Forensic Nursing Updates* across Idaho.

SSCs work to facilitate communication between SANE programs across Idaho. To do this, they have a quarterly meeting of Idaho SANE Program Leaders (ISPL). They also prepare and distribute an/the Idaho SANE Program Newsletter and monthly emails to all SANEs trained in Idaho and ISPL. They also disseminate requested information across the state, like Strangulation Guidelines and Evidence Guidelines. SSCs continually work to improve evidence collection. They used feedback letters to all providers who collect SAECKs (Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kits). This feedback information was provided by the forensic scientists who analyze the kits. SSCs also provided feedback to individual programs on evidence collection based on the letters. They are committee members of IAFN State/Tribal Coordinators, ISSART, Idaho SANE Program Leaders, Government Affairs, IAFN, OVC (Office of Victims of Crime) at Department of Justice partnering with IAFN.

Provision of Technical Assistance:

The SSCs are available for technical assistance calls and have provided:

- Unexpected or unusual kit collection questions, including:
 - Receiving a subpoena for a chart, but the exam was done by an independent contractor.
 - An anonymous kit, while LE knew about the incident.
 - The timeframe for toxicology collection.
 - Finding peer review resources for small programs.
 - Completing exams inside of a prison.
 - Questions surrounding DNA collection for paternity cases.
 - Questions regarding long-term kit storage.
 - Questions regarding forensic photography.
 - Kits that were partially collected, but the victim requests destruction of kit.

- Completing an exam on a deceased person.
- Requests for expert witnesses from prosecutors and/or law enforcement.
- Billing issues related to kit collection.
- Matching RNs and open positions across the state.
- Certification questions as IAFN changes have been implemented.
- Providing information on calls for SANE classes, both in and out of Idaho.
- Strangulation resources and best practices. There has been an increase in reported strangulation across the state.
- Providing samples of forensic documentation.
- Assisted a hospital that did not have a SANE available, to locate a site that they could transfer their patient to.
- Communicated with other states that were asking for resources for classes, equipment, and documentation.
- Participated in research surveys from Pennsylvania, Kansas, and Massachusetts.
- Helped direct a high school teacher to the Crime Lab Manager to set up a class tour of the lab.
- Actively working with the Department of Health and Welfare to develop a brochure that Emergency Medical Service workers can give to patients who have called 911 for assistance and require additional resources.

Facilitation of the Development of SARTs (Sexual Assault Response Teams):

The SSC continues to be available for education and assistance to the community SARTs. In 2024, the SSC, and ISPSF Headquarters began working with several community teams to create and/or sustain SARTs.

- Blaine County
 - Formation of community team, and:
 - Assistance with policies, documentation, and equipment.
 - Training for staff.
 - Development of two collection sites (hospital based and community based)
 - Media to draw attention to the issues in Blaine County
- Twin Falls/Jerome
 - Formation of SART team, and:
 - Location for off-site exams.
 - Hospital evidence lockers.
- Mini-Cassia
 - Formation of SART team, and initial meeting.
 - Group to continue meeting in 2025.
- Additional requests for SARTs in 2025:
 - Bonners Ferry
 - Benewah County

Program Development:

The SSC has been working to develop an *Idaho Response to Strangulation Manual* with a multi-disciplinary team. This manual will serve as both an educational and resource guideline for not only healthcare providers, advocates, law enforcement, and prosecution, but also EMS/first responders, dispatch, and judges. The manual will contain information related to Crime Victims Compensation to help increase the information known about this Idaho program and will demonstrate the need for evidence collection in a strangulation incident.

The manual will have multiple addendums as resources for communities/organizations to use including:

- The Idaho Council on Domestic Violence and Victim Assistance (ICDVVA) Resource Guide for Victims.
- My Partner Choked Me – information related to acute and chronic injury after strangulation for victims.
- VINE – information on being informed on the release of a perpetrator.
- HIPPA release – an example for law enforcement agencies to request medical records for an investigation.
- HELPS Brain Injury – an assessment guide.
- Cranial Nerve Assessment – an assessment guide.
- Idaho Strangulation Supplement – documentation tool for law enforcement.
 - Revised to remove all questions related to “how long did the strangulation last”, which was suggested by prosecutors.
- Medical Imaging after Strangulation Recommendations (for pregnant and non-pregnant patients).
- Strangulation Assessment Card – a pocket resource for first responders.
- 2023 Updated Strangulation Expert Disclosure.

There is a significant need for the two-day Skill Class for nurses who have completed the 40-hour SANE-A training but until a second coordinator is brought on and trained, and funding is secured to pay for the live models, this is out of the bandwidth for the current program.

SANE Supplies and Resources

In 2022, ISPFS was awarded \$200,000 from the Idaho Council on Domestic Violence and Victim Assistance (ICDVVA) to support critical equipment purchases throughout the state of Idaho that would aid in forensic exams for sexual assaults and provide trauma-informed statewide law enforcement training. Continuing into 2023, the additional funds totaled \$19,100. ISPFS used this grant to contract with Retired Detective Angela Weekes Consulting to provide the education and training to one hundred and thirty-five (135) law enforcement personnel regarding: 1) the neurobiology of trauma, 2) how sexual assault survivors may process and recall events, 3) trauma-informed interview techniques, 4) tonic immobility. In addition, ISPFS contracted with Ms. Weekes to create on-demand training modules for law enforcement officers

taking part in the Idaho Peace Officers Standards and Training (Idaho POST). These trainings include:

- Trauma informed interviewing of sexual and domestic violence survivors.
- Neurobiology of Trauma – effects on survivors of sexual and domestic violence survivors.
- Understanding Vicarious Trauma
- Sexual Assault Investigations for Patrol and School Resource Officers
- Anti-Human Trafficking and Victim Center Policing
- Investigating Sexual Assault of Male Victims
- Offender Realities
- Victim Realities
- Intersection of Title IX and Law Enforcement Investigations

In addition to training, supplies were provided to three (3) medical facilities including Teton Valley Hospital (Driggs), Valor Health (Emmett), and Gritman Medical Center (Moscow). Most of this work, training, and the procurement of equipment and supplies took place in 2023, while the remainder, and the closing of the grant took place in 2024. ISPFs continues to monitor any needs of collection sites throughout Idaho with regular visits from the ISPFs SANE/SART Coordinator.

Commendations

The ISPFs biology/DNA database team is applauded for all their hard work screening and processing sexual assault evidence collection kits. Despite staffing challenges and the need to complete processing of all non-sexual assault evidence submissions, they processed over 400 kits. Their commitment to improving processing efficiency for the citizens of Idaho is praiseworthy.

The Idaho SANE/SART Coordinators have done an amazing job performing training all over Idaho. They have worked to set up SART programs throughout the state, and many hospitals are now collecting sexual assault evidence collection kits that never had that ability before. Idaho leads the country in training SANE nurses and addressing sexual assault response issues. They have networked Idaho's SANE programs so that they are communicating and sharing information. They publish a newsletter and have many other methods of communication. Under their leadership, these positions have become an integral part of addressing sexual assault response issues in Idaho.

The Idaho State Sexual Assault Response Team (ISSART) working group has been very helpful in their efforts. This volunteer policy advisory group dedicates hundreds of hours to this important work. The work of each member is vital, and this group is critical to the success of this initiative. The work of this group in researching current problems and recommending solutions is essential to address sexual assault in Idaho. This group is leading a cultural shift in how sexual assault response is viewed and addressed throughout Idaho. It is truly a one-of-a-

kind committee in the United States and is another example of Idaho's leadership on sexual assault response.

The ISPFS Laboratory System Director, SANE/SART Coordinators, and Management Assistants have traveled thousands of miles all over Idaho in 2024 setting up and facilitating SART meetings in local communities. Several of the SARTs met monthly in 2024, and these monthly meetings required a large amount of travel for the Meridian based ISPFS team to integrate in the local communities. Their dedication made a huge impact on services being available in local Idaho communities and those communities working together to solve sexual assault response issues. The local communities expressed great thanks for these resources coming in person and bridging communication barriers. Also, commendation and thanks to the Idaho Victim's Compensation Program and the Idaho Statistical Analysis Center for their willingness to travel to these communities and their partnership on this endeavor.

Appendix A

Inquiries from other states and organizations

Program Adopters
Maine (2024)
Nebraska (2021)
New Mexico (2020)
North Carolina (2018)
Ohio (2019)
Oklahoma (2020)
Puerto Rico (2019)

States Inquired	
Arizona	Missouri
Arkansas	Montana
California	Nevada
Colorado	New York
Connecticut	Oregon
Georgia	Pennsylvania
Illinois	South Dakota
Indiana	Texas
Iowa	Tennessee
Kentucky	Utah
Maryland	Vermont
Massachusetts	Virginia
Minnesota	Washington State
Mississippi	Wisconsin

Other Agencies Inquired
RTI Forensic Technology Center of Excellence
Association of State Criminal Investigating Agencies (ASCIA)
Joyful Heart Foundation
National Conference of State Legislatures
IAFN State/Territory/Tribal Coordinators
University of New England

Appendix B

Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kits Presented To LE

Law Enforcement Agency	# of SAECK collected for each LE Agency
Ada County Sheriff's Office	17
American Falls Police Department	1
Bannock County Sheriff's Office	4
Bellevue Marshal's Office	1
Benewah County Sheriff's Office	1
Bingham County Sheriff's Office	2
Blackfoot Police Department	2
Blaine County Sheriff's Office	1
Boise Police Department	79
Bonner County Sheriff's Office	7
Bonneville County Sheriff's Office	18
Boundary County Sheriff's Office	1
Buhl Police Department	1
Caldwell Police Department	21
Canyon County Sheriff's Office	5
Caribou County Sheriff's Office	2
Cassia County Sheriff's Office	2
Chubbuck Police Department	5
Coeur d'Alene Police Department	13
Coeur d'Alene Tribal Police	2
Custer County Sheriff's Office	1
Elmore County Sheriff's Office	1
Franklin County Sheriff's Office	1
Fort Hall Tribal Police Department	3
FBI	1
Freemont County Sheriff's Office	2
Garden City Police Department	3
Gem County Sheriff's Office	1
Gooding County Sheriff's Office	1
Gooding Police Department	1
Hailey Police Department	1
Heyburn Police Department	1
Idaho County Sheriff's Office	2
Idaho Falls Police Department	19
Idaho State Police D3	11
Idaho State Police D6	1

Jefferson County Sheriff's Office	3
Jerome County Sheriff's Department	1
Jerome Police Department	3
Kootenai County Sheriff's Office	11
Latah County Sheriff's Office	2
Lewis County Sheriff's Office	1
Lewiston Police Department	13
Madison County Sheriff's Office	4
McCall Police Department	1
Meridian Police Department	20
Minidoka County Sheriff's Office	2
Moscow Police Department	4
Mountain Home Police Department	3
Nampa Police Department	32
Nez Perce County Sheriff's Office	1
Oneida County Sheriff's Office	2
Out of State Agency	24
Owyhee County Sheriff's Office	1
Payette Police Department	2
Pocatello Police Department	25
Post Falls Police Department	12
Power County Sheriff's Office	1
Priest River Police Department	1
Rathdrum Police Department	1
Rexburg Police Department	6
Rupert Police Department	2
Sandpoint Police Department	3
Shelley Police Department	1
Sun Valley Police Department	1
Teton County Sheriff's Office	2
Twin Falls County Sheriff's Office	3
Twin Falls Police Department	31
Ucon Police Department	1
Valley County Sheriff's Office	2

Total 457

All data presented subject to change with entries/updates.

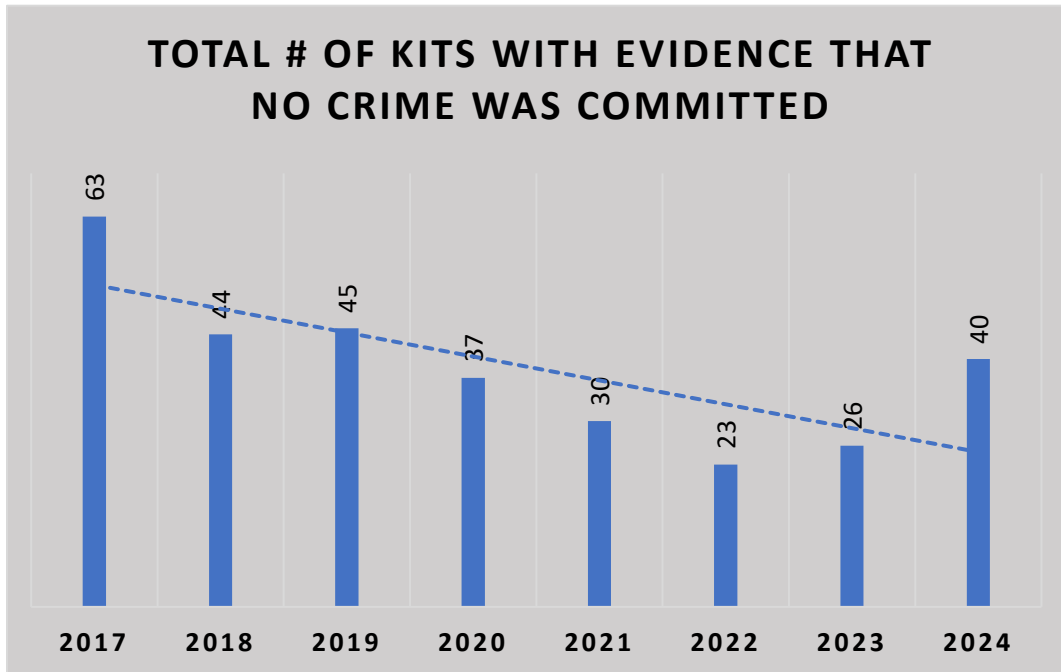
Appendix C

Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kit(s) Decisions by Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	# awaiting LE Submission Decision	Evidence Exists to Support No Crime Committed	# Awaiting Prosecutorial Review
Ada County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
American Falls Police Department	1	0	0
Blaine County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Boise Police Department	1	7	1
Bonneville County Sheriff's Office	0	1	0
Caldwell Police Department	0	1	0
Canyon County Sheriff's Office	1	1	1
Chubbuck Police Department	0	1	0
Coeur d'Alene Police Department	1	0	0
Coeur d'Alene Tribal Police Department	2	0	0
Caribou County Sheriff's Office	2	0	0
Fort Hall Tribal Police Department	1	0	0
Gooding County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Franklin County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Idaho Falls Police Department	5	8	8
Idaho State Police D3	0	6	2
Jerome County Sheriff's Department	0	1	0
Jerome Police Department	1	0	0
Lewiston Police Department	0	1	0
Madison County Sheriff's Office	2	0	0
Meridian Police Department	1	0	0
Minidoka County Sheriff's	1	1	1

Moscow Police Department	0	1	0
Pocatello Police Department	2	0	0
Rathdrum Police Department	1	0	0
Rexburg Police Department	1	2	1
Sandpoint Police Department	0	2	0
Twin Falls Police Department	1	3	1
Twin Falls County Sheriff's Office	0	3	2
Ucon Police Department	0	1	1
Total	28	40	18

All data presented subject to change with entries/updates.

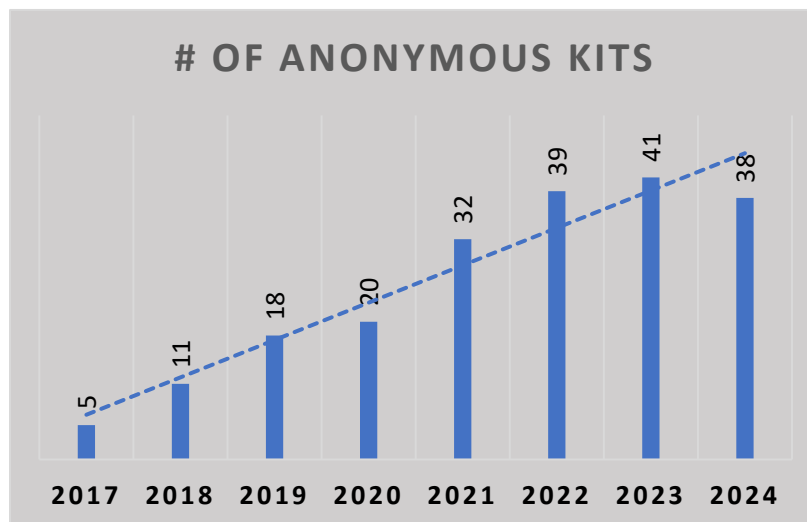


Appendix D

Anonymous Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kit(s) by Agency

Law Enforcement Agency	# of Anonymous
Boise Police Department	15
Bonneville County Sheriff's Office	5
Caldwell Police Department	1
Coeur d'Alene Police Department	1
Kootenai County Sheriff's Office	1
Meridian Police Department	1
Nez Perce Tribal Police Department	1
Out of State Agency	2
Pocatello Police Department	4
Post Falls Police Department	1
Rexburg Police Department	2
Rupert Police Department	1
Twin Falls Police Department	3
Total	38

All data presented subject to change with entries/updates.



Appendix E

Kits Completed Without Required Reference Samples

Requesting Law Enforcement Agency	# of kits completed in 2024 without required references submitted
Ada County Sheriff's Office	3
Bannock County Sheriff's Office	2
Blackfoot Police Department	2
Boise Police Department	16
Bonner County Sheriff's Office	3
Bonneville County Sheriff's Office	6
Caldwell Police Department	21
Canyon County Sheriff's Office	4
Cassia County Sheriff's Office	4
Coeur d'Alene Police Department	8
Elmore County Sheriff's Office	2
Emmett Police Department	1
Gooding County Sheriff's Office	1
Hailey Police Department	1
Idaho Falls Police Department	6
Idaho State Police D3	5
Jefferson County Sheriff's Office	1
Jerome Police Department	1
Kootenai County Sheriff's Office	3
Latah County Sheriff's Office	2
Lewiston Police Department	5
Meridian Police Department	10
Middleton Police Department	1
Mountain Home Police Department	1
Nampa Police Department	13
Oneida County Sheriff's Office	1

Owyhee County Sheriff's Office	1
Payette Police Department	3
Pocatello Police Department	14
Post Falls Police Department	7
Preston Police Department	1
Rexburg Police Department	6
Rigby Police Department	3
Rupert Police Department	1
Sandpoint Police Department	1
Sun Valley Police Department	1
Twin Falls Police Department	12
Valley County Sheriff's Office	1
Weiser Police Department	4

Total **178**

Appendix F
DNA Database Hit with LE Follow-Up

LE Agency	Number of DNA Database Hits	Number with Follow-Up	Number Follow-Up N/A
Ada County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Bannock County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Blackfoot Police Department	1	0	0
Boise Police Department	6	4	0
Bonner County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Bonneville County Sheriff's Office	1	1	0
Caldwell Police Department	6	1	0
Canyon County Sheriff's Office	2	0	0
Coeur d'Alene Police Department	2	1	0
Idaho State Police D3	4	0	0
Kimberly-Hansen Police Department	1	0	0
Lewiston Police Department	1	0	0
Mountain Home Police Department	1	0	0
Nampa Police Department	3	1	0
Oneida County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Owyhee County Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
Pocatello Police Department	2	0	0
Post Falls Police Department	2	0	0
Twin Falls Police Department	3	0	0
Total	40	8	0

N/A = FBI lab; or hit provided investigative information only, no new information for LE

Appendix G

Annual Statistics Report 2024

Month	Public Searches	Unique Public Searches by IP	Logged In Searches	Unique Logged In Searches by IP	Logins
January	261	99	972	46	578
February	176	94	902	51	469
March	235	92	887	36	487
April	308	100	778	37	422
May	283	103	615	33	496
June	439	132	415	33	422
July	539	142	660	43	568
August	543	155	1,338	33	519
September	770	207	577	42	468
October	524	165	689	37	502
November	496	147	466	35	439
December	446	157	506	36	509
Total	5,020	1,593	8,805	452	5,879

**Public users do not login to the system. Only users entering data need to login to the system.