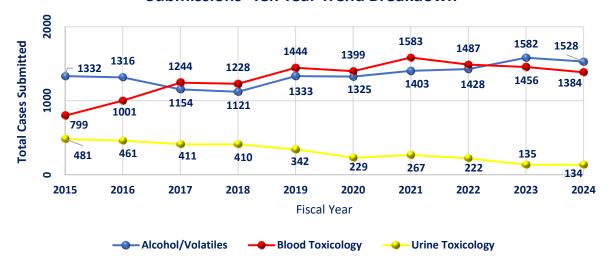


Idaho State Police Forensics Annual Alcohol/Volatiles and Toxicology Trends

FY2024

Blood toxicology case submissions are in an upward trend, urine toxicology are in a downward trend, and alcohol/volatiles seems to be steady.

Idaho State Police Toxicology and Alcohol/Volatiles Case Submissions- Ten Year Trend Breakdown



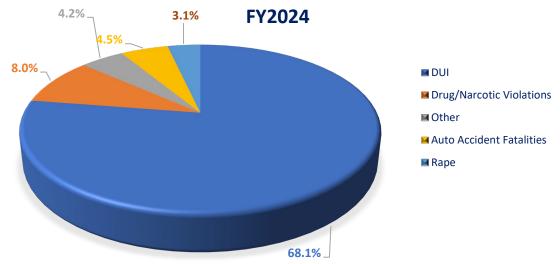
Case Submissions



85% of adult alcohol/volatiles cases had a DUI charge.

68% of adult toxicology cases had a DUI charge.

CHARGE ASSOCIATED WITH CASES SUBMITTED FOR ALCOHOL/VOLATILES AND/OR TOXICOLOGY ANALYSIS IN





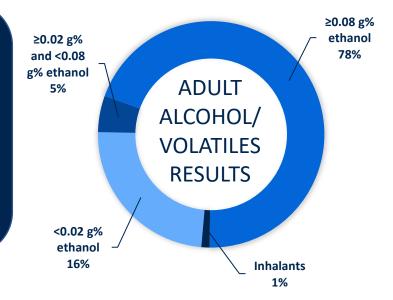
Alcohol/ Volatiles and Toxicology Charges



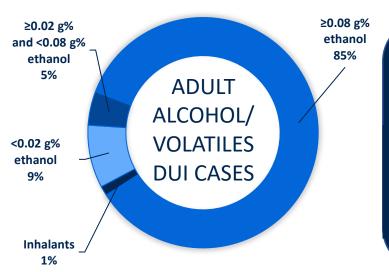


78%

of all adult alcohol/volatiles cases had a concentration greater than or equal to 0.08 % g ethanol.







85%

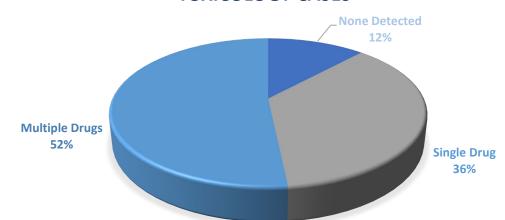
of all adult alcohol/volatiles **DUI** cases had a

concentration greater than or
equal to 0.08 % g ethanol.



88% of toxicology samples tested had at least one drug present in the sample

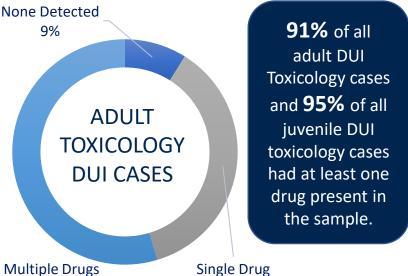
NUMBER OF DRUG COMPOUNDS PRESENT IN ADULT TOXICOLOGY CASES

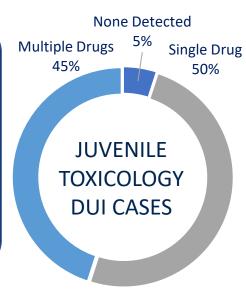




^{*}Toxicology testing was not done on samples that had an alcohol result of 0.10 % g ethanol or greater unless there were extenuating circumstances









Adult Toxicology Results

Central nervous system (CNS) stimulants were the most confirmed type of drug in adult toxicology samples, cannabinoids were next, then CNS depressants and narcotic analgesics.

36%



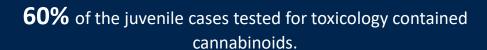


55%

The most common drug combination in adult toxicology samples was **CNS stimulants** combined with **cannabinoids**.



Juvenile Toxicology Results





different drugs were reported in FY2024.

There was an average of



different drugs confirmed per toxicology case sample.

MOST COMMON DRUGS OF FY2024

- 1. Amphetamine/ Methamphetamine
 - 2. Cannabinoids
- 3. Fentanyl/Norfentanyl

These drugs accounted for **over 58%** of the drugs reported in toxicology casework.

